General Overview Curriculum Mapping- Course: <u>American Literature Academic</u> Content Area: <u>English</u> Grade: <u>11</u> Date Completed/Revised: <u>6/24/13</u>

Unit Title	American Thought	American Materialism	Isolation in America	Cultural Conditions in
				America
Unit Dates	First Marking Period	Second Marking Period	Third Marking Period	Fourth Marking Period
CCSS &	CC.11-12.R.L.1	CC.11-12.R.L.2	CC.11-12.R.L.2	CC.11-12.R.L.3
Content Standards	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to	Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account;	Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the
	CC.11-12.R.L.6 Analyze a case in which grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire,	produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text. CC.11-12.R.L.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings	provide an objective summary of the text. CC.11-12.R.L.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful.	characters are introduced and developed). CC.11-12.R.L.5 Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.
	cC.11-12.R.I.5 Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the			
	structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.	or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful.	CC.11-12.R.I.5 Analyze and evaluate the	C.C. 11-12 W.8 Gather relevant information
	CC.11-12.R.I.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective,	CC.11-12.R.I.5 Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her	effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.	from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in

analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.

CC.11-12.R.I.9

Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.

CC.11-12.W.1.a

Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences the claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

CC.11-12.W.1.d.

Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

CC.11-12.W.8

Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.

CC.11-12.W.1.b

Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases

CC.11-12.W.2.b

Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.

CC.11-12.W.3.a

Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.

CC.11-12.R.I.6

Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.

CC.11-12.W.3.a

Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events

CC.11-12.W1.b.

Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.

CC.11-12.W.1.c

Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia

terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

CC.11-12.W.2.c

Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.

CC.11-12.W.2.f

Provide a concluding

statement or section that

follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). CC.11-12.W.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. C.C. 11-12 W.3c

Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they

	strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and over-reliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. CC.11-12.SL.1.a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas. CC.11-12.SL.1.c Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.	CC.11-12.W.3.b Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. CC.11-12.W.3.d Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters. CC.11-12.SL.1.c Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.	when useful to aiding comprehension. CC.11-12.W.3.b Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. CC.11-12.W.3.d Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.	build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution). CC 11-12.W.3.d Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
Essential Questions:	 How does literature reflect American thought? What is the rhetorical 	What is the impact of capitalism on American culture?	How does the presence of fear and anxiety in society isolate the individual?	How do the conditions of local culture impact the individual?

	purpose of language in early American literature?	How does materialism corrupt the individual in American society?	What is the impact of isolation on the individual?	How do people respond to their setting?
End-of-Unit Assessment:	Students research to write a persuasive letter about why they think the novel should or should not be required reading for high school students	1. Passage-based analysis of Nickel and Dimed analyzing the author's rhetorical devices used to communicate her point of view. 2. Explanatory essay addressing one of the unit essential questions and referencing at least two unit texts	1."Clinical File" on Holden Caulfield using findings from the novel and outside sources 2. Personal narrative about the "things they carry" incorporating literary techniques present throughout the unit (imagery, unreliable narration, shifting perspective, pacing, meta-fiction, etc)	1. Explanatory essay on a current cultural issue in which students apply knowledge of rhetorical modes in order to convey their purpose 2. College essay with an emphasis on the importance of "place" to the narrative.
Skills:	Students will be able to recognize and analyze satire within <i>The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn</i> Students will be able to synthesize and cite evidence to support	Students will be able to recognize and discuss two or more themes or central ideas within a text Students will be able to	Students will be able to determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text	Students will be able to analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama

analysis	recognize the way(s) in which	Students will be able to identify	Students will be able to
*using MLA style	figurative language impacts	and determine the meaning of	analyze how an author's
	meaning and tone within a novel	words and phrases as they are	choices contribute to the text's
Students will be able to compose a		used in the informational text	overall structure and meaning
persuasive argument with audience	Students will be able to analyze		
awareness in mind	and evaluate the effectiveness of	Students will be able to analyze	Students will be able to
	the structure of an informational	and evaluate the effectiveness of	conduct quality research and
Students will be able to recognize	text	the structure in an informational	integrate information into their
author intentions through		text	texts selectively
characterization	Students will be able to develop		
	arguments with relevant,	Students will be able to determine	Students will be able to use
Students will be able to recognize	significant facts and details	an author's point of view or	appropriate and varied
the way language choices impact		purpose in a text in which the	transitions and syntax when
meaning		rhetoric is particularly effective in	they write
		an informational text	
Students will be able to analyze and			Students will be able to
evaluate the effectiveness of the		Students will be able to analyze	provide a conclusion that
structure of an informational text		how style and content contribute	follows from and supports the
		to the power, persuasiveness, or	information or explanation
Students will analyze the		beauty of the text	presented
effectiveness of rhetorical strategies			
within an informational text		Students will be able to clearly	Students will be able to link
		establish an issue to be solved,	their ideas with words and
		establish a clear voice, and, provide conclusions	phrases that create cohesion
		provide conclusions	in their writing
		Students will be able to develop	Students will be able to use a
		claim(s) and counterclaims	variety of techniques to
		thoroughly, supplying the most	sequence events so that they
		relevant evidence	create a particular tone and
			outcome
		Students will be able to make	
		constructive choices in terms of	Students will be able to use
		formatting, graphics, and	precise words and phrases,
		multimedia	telling details, and sensory
			language to convey a vivid
		Students will be able to use	picture

narrative techniques (dialogue,

			pacing, vivid description, reflection, and multiple plot lines) to develop experiences, events, and/or characters	
Curriculum Resources (textbook chapters., novels, supplemental materials):	Excerpts from: -"Sinners in the Hands of an Angry God" by Jonathan Edwards - Common Sense by Thomas Paine -"The Declaration of Independence" -"The Preamble to the Constitution" - The Autobiography of Benjamin Franklin by Benjamin Franklin -"Self-Reliance" by Ralph Waldo Emerson - "Civil Disobedience" Henry David Thoreau - excerpts from Nature by Ralph Waldo Emerson - Walden by Henry David Thoreau - The Bill of Rights - Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address - Gettysburg Address The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn by Mark Twain "The Negro Speaks of Rivers" by Langston Hughes	- JFK Inaugural Address - 1961 - The Great Gatsby and the Twenties by Ronald Berman (excerpts) - Nickel and Dimed (excerpts) by Barbara Ehrenreich - "Richard Cory" by Edwin Arlington Robinson - "Lucinda Matlock" Edgar Lee Masters - The Great Gatsby by F. Scott Fitzgerald - Death of a Salesman by Arthur Miller (film and/or text version)	-"LonelinessAn American Malady" by Carson McCullers - Faulkner Nobel Acceptance speech - The Catcher in the Rye by J.D. Salinger - The Things They Carried by Tim O'Brien	Ethan Frome by Edith Wharton Fences by August Wilson Ordinary People by Judith Guest

All units assess the following standards:

CC.11-12.R.I.1

Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

CC.11-12.R.I.2

Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

CC.11-12.R.I.4

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).

CC.11-12.R.L.1

Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

CC.11-12.SL.1

Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

CC.11-12.W.10

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

21st Century Skills integrated into all content areas include the following:

• Learning and Innovation Skills

- Critical thinking and problem solving (expert thinking)
- Communication and collaboration (complex communicating)
- Creativity and innovation (applied imagination and invention)

• Information, Media, and Technology Skills

- Information literacy
- Media literacy
- Information and communication technology literacy

• Life and Career Skills

- Flexibility and adaptability
- Initiative and self-direction
- Social and cross-cultural interaction
- Productivity and accountability

■ Leadership and responsibility

from: Trilling, Bernie & Fadel, Charles. 21st Century Skills: Learning for life in our times. – San Francisco, CA, Jossey-Bass, 2009.

Please Note:

- Primary Audience for Curriculum Maps: Parents, students, school staff (teachers & administrators) and community members
- Curriculum Maps are updated annually and posted on the Brookfield Public Schools' website.